Expro Holdings UK 3 Limited Consolidated Statements of Operations

(Unaudited)

(U.S. \$ in thousands, except per share data)

Three Months Ended June 30,

	2013	2014
Total revenue	333,778	326,429
Operating costs and expenses		
Cost of sales	(274,359)	(279,529)
Selling, general and administrative	(16,654)	(15,197)
Restructuring	(524)	(733)
Total operating costs and expenses	(291,537)	(295,459)
Operating income (loss)	42,241	30,970
Interest expense, net	(52,043)	(55,954)
Income (loss) before taxes and equity income of joint ventures	(9,802)	(24,984)
Equity share of income from joint ventures	3,099	2,606
Income tax (expense) benefit	(7,074)	(9,795)
Net Income (loss)	(13,777)	(32,173)
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share		
Net (loss) per share	(13,777)	(32,173)
Weighted average shares outstanding		
Basic and diluted	1,000	1,000
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.		

Expro Holdings UK 3 Limited **Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss** (Unaudited) (U.S. \$ in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30	
	2013	2014
Net Income (loss) for the period	(13,777)	(32,173)
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Transferred to statement of operations on cash flow hedges	(275)	-
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(275)	-
Comprehensive income (loss)	(14,052)	(32,173)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.		

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Expro Holdings UK 3 Limited Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited)

(U.S. \$ in thousands, except per share data)

	March 31, 2014	June 30, 2014
Assets	2014	2014
Assets Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	172,393	50,598
Restricted cash	3,459	3,788
Accounts receivable, net and unbilled	365,231	392,164
Inventories	65,678	70,582
Deferred tax assets	3,076	3,076
Tax receivables	9,784	-
Assets held for sale		9,724 463
Loan issuance costs	463	9,589
	10,210	
Other	52,013	57,182
Total current assets	682,307	597,166
Non-current assets	521 007	F24 472
Property, plant and equipment, net	521,807	531,172
Interests in joint ventures	25,193	24,708
Intangible assets, net	424,619	410,604
Goodwill	639,434	639,434
Loan issuance costs	20,655	18,471
Deferred tax assets	65,939	64,245
Other	5,635	6,920
Total non-current assets	<u>1,703,282</u> 2,385,589	1,695,554 2,292,720
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Tax liabilities	283,101 25,762	216,163 22,007
Tax liabilities	25,762	22,007
Capital lease obligations	1,876	1,873
Other	80,017	74,722
Total current liabilities	390,756	314,765
Non-current liabilities		
Senior secured notes	1,077,601	1,078,666
Other interest bearing loans	1,041,285	1,058,394
Capital lease obligations	15,199	15,324
Tax liabilities	49,264	48,662
Deferred tax liabilities	122,401	119,090
Post-retirement benefits	31,414	32,167
Other	11,306	11,462
Total non-current liabilities	2,348,470	2,363,765
Total liabilities	2,739,226	2,678,530
Commitments and contingencies (Note 19)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, ordinary \$1 shares, par value \$1.00 per share authorised	1	1
4,123,195,367, issued 1,000		
Additional paid-in capital	4,373,070	4,373,070
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(65,114)	(65,114
Retained earnings (loss)	(4,661,594)	(4,693,767
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(353,637)	(385,810
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	2,385,589	2,292,720
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Expro Holdings UK 3 Limited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow (Unaudited)

(U.S. \$ in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June	
	2013	2014
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	(13,777)	(32,173)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Impairment property, plant and equipment	-	2,992
Amortisation of intangible assets	14,273	14,198
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	23,391	28,428
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	3,933
Equity share of income from joint ventures	(3,099)	(2,606)
Elimination on unrealised profit sale to joint ventures	-	460
Amortisation of loan issuance costs	3,249	3,871
Interest accreted to mezzanine loan balance	16,194	17,109
Fair value loss on cash flow hedges	291	-
Transferred to statement of operations on cash flow hedges	(275)	-
Deferred income tax credit	(4,006)	(1,618)
Unrealised foreign exchange	1,793	63
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, net and unbilled	(33,703)	(24,271)
Inventories	(524)	(4,904)
Other assets	5,795	(6,454)
Accounts payable	(8,613)	(53,279)
Other liabilities	(18,431)	(2,391)
Derivative financial instruments	(13,430)	-
Income taxes - net	(1,793)	(4,295)
Other	(104)	20
Dividend received from joint ventures	2,189	2,631
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(30,580)	(58,286)
Cash flows from investing activities:		(/ /
Capital expenditures	(42,127)	(62,506)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	96	24
Proceeds on sale of subsidiary, net of transaction costs	10,000	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(32,031)	(62,482)
Cash flows from financing activities:	(,,	(,,
Proceeds from borrowings	11,700	-
Payment of loan issuance costs	(21)	-
Repayment of capital leases	(416)	(795)
(Increase) decrease in restricted cash	12,286	(329)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	23,549	(1,124)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	174	97
Increase (decrease) to cash and cash equivalents	(38,888)	(121,795)
Cash and equivalents at beginning of period	68,589	172,393
Cash and equivalents at end of period	<u> </u>	50,598
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information	25,701	30,330
Cash paid during the period for:	(12 072)	(15 700)
Income taxes	(12,873)	(15,708)
Interest	(67,702)	(59,744)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Expro Holdings UK 3 Limited Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity

(Unaudited)

(U.S. \$ in thousands)

			Accumulated		
		Additional	other		
	Common	paid-in	comprehensive	Retained	Total
	Stock	capital	income (loss)	earnings (loss)	equity (deficit)
Balance at April 1, 2013	1	4,373,070	(56,743)	(4,604,257)	(287,929)
Net income (loss)	-	-	-	(13,777)	(13,777)
Other comprehensive income (loss):					
Transferred to statement of operations on cash flow hedges			(275)	-	(275)
Balance at June 30, 2013	1	4,373,070	(57,018)	(4,618,034)	(301,981)

			Accumulated		
		Additional	other		
	Common	paid-in	comprehensive	Retained	Total
	Stock	capital	income (loss)	earnings (loss)	equity (deficit)
Balance at April 1, 2014	1	4,373,070	(65,114)	(4,661,594)	(353,637)
Net income (loss)	-	-	-	(32,173)	(32,173)
Balance at June 30, 2014	1	4,373,070	(65,114)	(4,693,767)	(385,810)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

1. Business Description

Expro Holdings UK 3 Limited and our consolidated subsidiaries ("We" or the "Group"), provide services and products that measure, improve, control and process flow from high value oil and gas wells, from exploration and appraisal through to mature field production optimisation and enhancement.

Expro Holdings UK 3 Limited is an indirect subsidiary of Umbrellastream Limited Partnership Incorporated ("ULPI"), which is owned by the Investors and certain members of management and other investors. The Investors are three private equity investors; Arle Capital Partners, Goldman Sachs Capital Partners and AlpInvest Partners.

Expro Holdings UK 3 Limited is a limited company incorporated in Great Britain with its registered office situated in England and Wales.

2. Basis of Preparation and Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Expro Holdings UK 3 Limited reflect the financial statements of our wholly owned subsidiaries and those of certain variable interest entities where we are the primary beneficiary and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information. Accordingly, these interim financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair statement have been included. Operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending March 31, 2015, or for any other period. The condensed consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2014 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements. These financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended March 31, 2014 included in our Annual Report on Form F-1 filed with the SEC.

Use of Estimates

Preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes. The most significant estimates and assumptions are those associated with impairment of goodwill, pensions, tax provisions, recovery of deferred taxes and revenue recognition. Despite our intentions to establish accurate estimates and reasonable assumptions, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Revenue Recognition

We recognise revenue when there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement that sets a fixed or determinable price for the contract, usually a contract or purchase order, services are performed or products delivered, and collectability is reasonably assured.

The majority of our revenues arise on the provision of well flow management services to our customers. Contracts are typically structured on a time and materials basis and the associated revenue is recognized in the period in which services are performed.

We also enter into contracts to design and build equipment on behalf of our customers. Revenue on such contracts is recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. Stage of completion is estimated using an appropriate measure according to the nature of the contract, such as the achievement of contract milestones. Typically components would comprise design, engineering, procurement, assembly, testing and delivery. Contract costs are recognized as expenses in the period in which they are incurred. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognized immediately as an expense.

Where contractual arrangements contain multiple deliverables, we analyse each performance obligation within the sales arrangement to ensure we adhere to the separation guidelines for multiple-element arrangements. We allocate revenue for any

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

(Unaudited)

transactions involving multiple elements to each unit of accounting based on its relative selling price, and recognize revenue when all revenue recognition criteria for a unit of accounting have been met.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price of acquired businesses over the estimated fair value assigned to the individual assets acquired and liabilities assumed. We do not amortise goodwill, but instead are required to test goodwill for impairment at the reporting unit level at least annually, or whenever there is an indication of impairment. A reporting unit is defined as an operating segment or a component of an operating segment that constitutes a business for which financial information is available and is regularly reviewed by management.

We follow a two-step process for the testing of goodwill for impairment. First, we estimate the fair value of the reporting unit using a discounted cashflow approach. Where this fair value is lower than the carrying value of the reporting unit, an exercise similar to a purchase price allocation in a business combination is performed to calculate the current value of the goodwill. Where this value is lower than the carrying value of the goodwill, an impairment loss is recorded to write the carrying value down to the current value.

Refer to Note 2. "Basis of Preparation and Accounting Policies," to our consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form F-1 for the year ended March 31, 2014 for a more complete summary of our significant accounting policies.

Subsequent Events

We have evaluated subsequent events through to the date the consolidated financial statements were issued.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2014, the FASB issued amendments related to guidance for reporting discontinued operations and disposals of components of an entity. The amended guidance requires that a disposal representing a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's financial results or a business activity classified as held for sale should be reported as discontinued operations. The amendments also expand the disclosure requirements for discontinued operations and add new disclosures for individually significant dispositions that do not qualify as discontinued operations. The amendments are effective prospectively for fiscal years, and interim reporting periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2014 (early adoption is permitted only for disposals that have not been previously reported). The impact of implementation of the amended guidance on our consolidated financial statements has not yet been determined.

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (*Topic 606*) to achieve a consistent application of revenue recognition within the U.S., amending the existing accounting standards for revenue recognition and is based on the principle that revenue should be recognized to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration a company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. In addition, the new standard requires that reporting companies disclose the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. The new standard is effective for us on April 1, 2017. Early application is not permitted. The standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. We are evaluating the effect that ASU 2014-09 will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. We have not yet selected a transition method nor have we determined the effect of the standard on our ongoing financial reporting.

3. Segment Information

We operate globally and provide a range of well management products and services across three areas of capability. Our services are offered to our customers either as discrete services or integrated solutions depending on their requirements and needs.

Well Testing and Appraisal Services

Services used for the safe production, measurement and sampling of hydrocarbons from a well during either exploration and appraisal testing of a new field, the flowback and clean-up of a new well prior to production or inline testing of a well during its producing life. Well testing typically involves the measurement of production rates, the recording of transient pressure data

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

(Unaudited)

from the reservoir and the sampling of reservoir fluids. By analysing this information it is possible for the operator to estimate hydrocarbon reserves and determine rock properties, reservoir size and connectivity.

Subsea, Completion and Intervention Services

A well completion consists of providing the in well tubulars and equipment needed for the safe production of hydrocarbons from the reservoir to the surface production facilities. Completion services are required to install the completion string in the well and our subsea completion landing strings facilitate this for subsea wells. We can also provide wireline intervention services to subsequently service and monitor the performance of the well.

Production Services

Production systems are used to provide a safe and efficient means of processing produced oil, gas and water. Solids control equipment is used to remove sand or debris from the well, followed by a separation system to split the three different well streams. Gas is usually separated from the well stream for either export, flaring or reinjection into the well or reservoir. Water is typically separated, treated and either disposed of overboard or re-injected into the reservoir for pressure maintenance. Oil is typically separated, treated as necessary, and pumped to storage facilities or an export pipeline. We can provide a range of production packages, onshore and offshore, for early production or for production enhancement.

Our Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") manages our operations through four operational segments that are aligned with our geographic regions.

- Europe and the Commonwealth of Independent States ("ECIS")
- Sub-Saharan Africa ("SSA")
- Asia, Middle East and North Africa ("AMENA")
- North and Latin America ("NLA")

Each of these operational segments include a range of solutions which are provided across three main areas of capability as presented above. The CODM does not review financial performance of these three main areas of capability as a measure of profitability is not available for these areas of capability; as such they are neither operating segments nor reporting units.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

(Unaudited)

3. Segment Information (continued)

Financial information about our operating segments, during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014 was as follows: (U.S. \$ in thousands).

	Three Months En	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2014	
Europe and the Commonwealth of Independent States	87,367	84,846	
Sub-Saharan Africa	71,443	65,898	
Asia, Middle East and North Africa	92,807	93,190	
North and Latin America	82,161	82,495	
Total revenue by geographical segment	333,778	326,429	
Europe and the Commonwealth of Independent States	20,262	21,375	
Sub-Saharan Africa	26,526	26,693	
Asia, Middle East and North Africa	35,800	34,777	
North and Latin America	22,907	21,457	
Trading EBITDA ^{(1) (3)}	105,495	104,302	
Corporate, product line management and other administrative costs	(25,917)	(24,287)	
Equity share of income from joint ventures	3,099	2,606	
Adjusted EBITDA (2) (3)	82,677	82,621	
Depreciation and amortisation ⁽⁴⁾	(36,813)	(48,312)	
Restructuring	(524)	(733)	
Interest expense, net	(52,043)	(55,954)	
Income tax (expense) benefit	(7,074)	(9,795)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(13,777)	(32,173)	

The following table sets forth the total amount of revenue by area of capability for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014: (U.S. \$ in thousands).

	Three Months En	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2014	
Well testing and appraisal services	162,814	171,333	
Subsea, completion and intervention services	121,936	116,858	
Production services	49,028	38,238	
Total revenue by area of capability	333,778	326,429	

¹Trading EBITDA is calculated as net income before taxes, interest expense, restructuring, depreciation and amortisation, equity share of income from joint ventures and corporate, product line management and other general and administrative costs.

²Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as Trading EBITDA after corporate, product line management and other administrative costs and the equity share of income from joint ventures. ³Trading EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are not recognised terms under generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or U.S. GAAP, and should not be considered as alternatives to net income (loss) or other measures of financial performance or liquidity derived in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

⁴Depreciation and amortisation presented here excludes amortization of capitalised borrowing costs, which are reported within interest expense.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

(Unaudited)

4. Interests in Joint Ventures

Equity method investments as at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014 were as follows (U.S. \$ in thousands).

	March 31,	June 30,
	2014	2014
COSL - Expro Testing Services (Tianjin) Co. Ltd ("CETS")	21,427	21,618
PV Drilling Expro International Company Limited ("PVD-Expro")	3,766	3,090
Interest in joint ventures	25,193	24,708

Within Asia we have non-consolidated interests in two joint venture companies through partnerships with COSL in China and PVD in Vietnam. Both of these joint venture companies provide us access to markets that otherwise would be challenging to penetrate and develop effectively on our own.

Our CETS joint venture in China offers extensive offshore well testing capabilities and has a strong market share with National and International oil companies and independent customers.

Our PVD-Expro joint venture in Vietnam offers the full suite of our products and services to the domestic Vietnam market and has a track record in the provision of offshore well testing and subsea completion landing string services.

Both companies are independently managed with the full capabilities and technology of Expro.

5. Interest Expense

Interest expense consisted of the following during the three months ended to June 30, 2013 and 2014: (U.S. \$ in thousands).

	Three Months End	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2014	
Interest income	36	52	
Senior secured notes interest	(21,070)	(23,170)	
Revolving credit facility interest	(32)	-	
Mezzanine loan cash settled interest	(11,271)	(12,025)	
Interest accreted to Mezzanine loan	(16,195)	(17,109)	
Amortisation of financing costs	(3,249)	(3,871)	
Capitalised interest, net of depreciation	728	1,116	
Other finance expense	(990)	(947)	
Interest expense, net of interest income	(52,043)	(55,954)	

6. Income Taxes

For the three months ended June 30, 2014, the total income tax expense was \$9.8 million on a pre-tax loss of \$24.5 million. The effective tax rate on income from continuing operations before income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was (39.9%). Compared to the UK statutory income tax rate of 21% the effective tax rate is impacted primarily by losses arising in particular jurisdictions (mainly the UK) on which no tax benefit has been recognized, partially offset by losses received from Group parent holding companies outside the consolidated Expro Holding UK 3 Limited Group and prior year tax adjustments.

For the three months ended June 30, 2013 the total income tax expense was \$7.1 million on a pre-tax loss of \$9.8 million. The effective tax rate on income from continuing operations before income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2013 was (67.0%). Compared to the UK statutory income tax rate of 23% the effective tax rate was impacted primarily by losses arising in particular jurisdictions (mainly the UK) on which no tax benefit has been recognized, partially offset by losses received from group parent holding companies outside the consolidated Expro Holding UK 3 Limited Group and prior year tax adjustments.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

7. Inventories

Inventories consisted of the following at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014: (U.S. \$ in thousands).

	March 31,	June 30,
	2014	2014
Raw materials	1,072	1,064
Equipment, spares and consumables	57,450	60,043
Work-in progress	7,156	9,475
	65,678	70,582

8. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consisted of the following at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014: (U.S. \$ in thousands).

	March 31,	June 30,
	2014	2014
Cost		
Land	2,172	2,172
Buildings	30,617	30,659
Plant and equipment	858,826	895,467
	891,615	928,298
Less accumulated depreciation	(369,808)	(397,126)
	521,807	531,172

Depreciation expense relating to property, plant and equipment, including assets under capital leases, was \$23.4 million and \$28.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

The carrying amount of our property, plant and equipment recognised in respect of assets held under capital leases at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014 were as follows: (U.S. \$ in thousands).

	March 31,	June 30,	
	2014	2014	
Gross value			
Buildings	29,257	29,295	
Plant and equipment	1,499	1,680	
	30,756	30,975	
Less accumulated amortisation	(15,651)	(16,349)	
	15,105	14,626	

We had entered into contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment totalling \$101.2 million as at June 30, 2014 (March 31, 2014: \$103.9 million).

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

(Unaudited)

9. Intangible Assets

The following table summarises our intangible assets as at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014: (U.S. \$ in thousands).

		March 31, 2014			June 30, 2014		
		Accumulated impairment and			Accumulated impairment and	Net Book	
	Cost	amortisation	Net Book Value	Cost	amortisation	Value	
Customer relationships and contracts	959,763	641,133	318,630	959,763	(652,418)	307,345	
Trademarks	43,851	22,984	20,867	43,851	(23,559)	20,292	
Technology	185,769	100,795	84,974	185,769	(103,115)	82,654	
Software	12,783	12,635	148	12,965	(12,652)	313	
	1,202,166	777,547	424,619	1,202,348	(791,744)	410,604	

Amortisation expense for intangible assets was \$15.0 million and \$14.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. These expenses were included in cost of services.

10. Goodwill

Goodwill activity for the first three months of fiscal year 2015 was as follows:

	March 31, 2014		June 30, 2014		
	Gross carrying amount	Cumulative impairment	Gross carrying amount	Cumulative impairment	
Europe and the Commonwealth of Independent States	636,082	(458,004)	636,082	(458,004)	
Sub-Saharan Africa	798,111	(598,786)	798,111	(598,786)	
Asia, Middle East North Africa	513,281	(382,566)	513,281	(382,566)	
North and Latin America	495,460	(364,144)	495,460	(364,144)	
	2,442,934	(1,803,500)	2,442,934	(1,803,500)	

11. Derivative Financial Instruments

Our currency risk management program at June 30, 2014 consisted of a currency swap contract, which is not hedge accounted for and matures within 12 months. We record net gains and losses within foreign currency gains and losses in our consolidated condensed statement of income.

At March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014 the fair values of derivative instruments included in our consolidated balance sheet were \$0.0 million and \$1.5 million, respectively and were included within the caption Current Assets in our condensed consolidated balance sheet. The gain (loss) recognized in income for these derivatives in the three months ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014 was (\$0.3) million and \$1.4 million, respectively.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

(Unaudited)

12. Interest Bearing Loans

Our long-term debt consisted of the following at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014: (U.S. \$ in thousands).

	Effective interest		March 31,	June 30,
	rate %	Maturity date	2014	2014
Senior secured notes				
Principal	9.91%	December 15, 2016	(991,493)	(991,493)
Original issue discount			17,543	16,173
Principal	8.30%	December 15, 2016	(100,000)	(100,000)
Original issue premium			(3,651)	(3,346)
Total senior secured notes			(1,077,601)	(1,078,666)
Other interest bearing loans				
Mezzanine loan facility	USD LIBOR + 10.75%	July 15, 2018	(1,041,285)	(1,058,394)
Revolving credit facility	USD LIBOR + 2.75%	December 1, 2016	-	-
Principal			(1,041,285)	(1,058,394)
Total other interest bearing loans			(1,041,285)	(1,058,394)
Total interest bearing loans			(2,118,886)	(2,137,060)

At June 30, 2014 \$131.7 million were available for drawings under our RCF.

The mezzanine and the revolving credit facility contain certain maintenance covenants. We were in compliance with the covenants as at June 30, 2014.

Refinancing Agreement

On 12 August 2014, we confirmed the refinancing of certain of our Credit Facilities. We entered into a term loan in the amount of \$1,300 million ("Term Loan B") which closed on 2 September 2014. The proceeds of this facility were used to refinance the entire outstanding amount of \$1,091.5 million of our 8.5% Senior Secured Noted due 2016 issued by Expro Finance Luxembourg, and associated call premium and transaction fees. The balance of the proceeds was used to partially repay the Mezannine debt and associated make whole premium. At the same time, we refinanced our existing \$160 million revolving credit facility with a new \$250 million senior secured credit facility, which ranks pari passu with the new Term Loan B.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

13. Fair Value Measurements

The following is a description of the valuation techniques that we use to measure fair value of assets and liabilities that we measure and report at fair value on a recurring basis:

• Derivative assets and liabilities. At March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014 our derivative assets and liabilities consisted of foreign exchange currency swap contracts. Since our derivative assets and liabilities are not traded on an exchange, we value them using industry standard models. Where applicable, these models project future cash flows and discount the future amounts to present value using market-based observable inputs including foreign exchange rates and forward and spot prices for currencies. These inputs are observable in active markets over the contract term of the derivative instrument we hold, and accordingly we classify these valuation techniques as Level 2.

At March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014, the fair value measurements of our assets and liabilities that we measure on a recurring basis were as follows (U.S. \$ in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
March 31, 2014				
Derivative assets / (liabilities)		(55)	-	(55)
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
June 30, 2014				
Derivative assets / (liabilities)	-	1,475	-	1,475

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying values and fair values of our financial instruments at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014 were as follows (U.S.\$ in thousands):

	Carrying amount	Fair Carrying value amount		Fair value
	March 31,	March 31,	June 30,	June 30,
	2014	2014	2014	2014
Interest bearing loans	1,041,285	954,740	1,058,394	1,058,394
Senior secured notes	1,077,601	951,691	1,078,666	1,128,555
Capital lease obligations	17,075	17,075	17,197	17,197

The carrying values on our condensed consolidated balance sheets of our cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and unbilled, other assets, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to their nature and relatively short maturities; therefore, we exclude them from the foregoing table.

We estimate fair value of our interest bearing loans and senior secured notes using the most recently observed market price at the reporting date. We estimate the fair value of our capital lease obligations and other financial liabilities using discounted future cash flows applying rates available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. Such fair value measurements are considered Level 2 under the fair value hierarchy.

At March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014 none of the assets held for sale represent financial assets.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

14. Commitments and Contingencies

Commercial Commitments

During the normal course of business, we enter into commercial commitments in the form of letters of credit and bank guarantees to provide financial and performance assurance to third parties.

Litigation

We are routinely involved in litigation claims on disputes incidental to our business. In our opinion, none of the existing litigation or results from compliance reviews are likely to have a material adverse effect on these financial statements.

15. Post-Retirement Benefits

Net periodic pension costs for our significant non - U.S. defined benefit plans include the following components:

	Three Months End	led June 30,
	June 30,	June 30,
	2013	2014
Service cost	589	612
Interest cost	2,206	2,755
Expected return on plan assets	n on plan assets (2,445)	(3,069)
	350	298

In the three months ended June 30, 2014 the Company contributed \$0.8 million to defined benefit schemes.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

(Unaudited)

16. Stockholders' Equity

The following table summarizes total shares of common stock outstanding:

	March 31, 2014		June 30, 2014	
	Authorised capital number of shares	Allotted, called up and fully	Authorised capital number of shares	Allotted, called up and fully
		paid value		paid value
Ordinary shares of £1 each, 1 vote per share	100,100	-	100,100	-
Ordinary shares of \$1 each, 1 vote per share	4,123,195,367	\$1,000	4,123,195,367	\$1,000

Accumulated other comprehensive loss:

Accumulated other comprehensive loss consisted of the following: (U.S. \$ in thousands).

March 31,	June 30,	
2014	2014	
(53,404)	(53,404)	
(11,704)	(11,704)	
(6)	(6)	
(65,114)	(65,114)	
	(53,404) (11,704) (6)	

17. Earnings (Loss) Per Share

The following reflects the income (loss) and the share data used in the basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share computations: (U.S. \$ in thousands, except per share data).

Three Months En	Three Months Ended June 30,		
2013	2014		
(13,777)	(32,173)		
1,000	1,000		
(13,777)	(32,173)		
	2013 (13,777) 1,000		

We have had no potentially dilutive instruments outstanding during the periods.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

(Unaudited)

18. Related Party Transactions

During the three months ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, we entered into transactions with related parties as follows: (U.S. \$ in thousands).

Trading transactions

		Goods and services provided to related party	Goods and services provided by related party	Amounts owed by related party	Amounts owed to related party
The "Investors"	Ultimate owner	-	123	-	-
Umbrellastream Ltd Partnership Inc.	Ultimate parent company	-	-	880	-
Expro International Group Holdings Limited	Company under common control	-	-	2,527	-
Expro Holdings UK 2 Limited	Company under common control	-	-	1	-
CETS	Joint venture	3,130	-	3,781	-
PVD-Expro	Joint venture	174	-	-	-
Group directors	Key management personnel	-	-	805	-
June 30, 2013		3,304	123	7,994	-
The "Investors"	Ultimate owner	-	125	-	-
Umbrellastream Ltd Partnership Inc.	Ultimate parent company	-	-	1,735	-
Expro International Group Holdings Limited	Company under common control	-	-	2,633	-
Expro Holdings UK 2 Limited	Company under common control	-	-	1	-
CETS	Joint venture	6,045	-	7,235	-
PVD-Expro	Joint venture	473	-	475	-
Group directors	Key management personnel	-	-	-	-
June 30, 2014		6,518	125	12,079	-

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

(Unaudited)

18. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Transactions with the "Investors"

The "Investors" is a consortium comprising of funds managed or advised by Arle Capital Partners, together with Goldman Sachs Capital Partners and AlpInvest Partners N.V. The costs charged us are the directors' fees of the Investor-nominated directors of, and board observers connected to, Expro International Group Holdings Ltd, Expro Holdings UK 3 Limited's principal holding company. This is in accordance with the Consortium Deed between the Expro Holdings UK 3 Limited's subsidiary Expro Holdings UK 4 Ltd and the "Investors", dated November 6, 2008. We also incurred advisory fees of \$0.9 million from Goldman Sachs International in connection with the issue of senior secured notes during the period ended March 31, 2014.

Transactions with Umbrellastream Ltd Partnership Inc

The amounts owed by Umbrellastream Ltd Partnership Inc. is the balance due under the loan agreements whereby the group funds the administrative costs relating to the Partnership.

Transactions with CETS and PVD-Expro

At March 31, 2014 and at June 30, 2014, we held a 50% stake in a joint venture, COSL – Expro Testing Services (Tianjin) Co. Ltd ("CETS") and a 49% stake in a joint venture, PV Drilling Expro International Company Limited ("PVD-Expro"). The transactions in the table above arise from trading activities between us and the joint ventures.

Transactions with Group directors

The Group had previously extended loans to certain Directors in order to fund their investment in a management incentive plan. On June 26, 2014, the outstanding balance of these loans of \$0.8 million was repaid in full.

On this date, the Group also made a loan of \$0.9 million to Expro International Group Holdings Ltd, a parent company. This loan was subsequently forgiven resulting in an expense to the Group of \$0.9 million.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

(Unaudited)

18. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Investing transactions

The following table presents the investing transactions during the three month period ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014 : (U.S. \$ in thousands).

		Dividends received	Dividends due from
		from joint	joint
		venture	venture
CETS	Joint venture	2,189	2,590
PVD-Expro	Joint venture	-	220
June 30, 2013		2,189	2,810
CETS	Joint venture	1,621	-
PVD-Expro	Joint venture	1,123	-
June 30, 2014		2,744	_

19. Subsequent Events

On 12 August 2014, we confirmed the refinancing of certain of our Credit Facilities. We entered into a term loan in the amount of \$1,300 million ("Term Loan B") which closed on 2 September 2014. The proceeds of this facility were used to refinance the entire outstanding amount of \$1,091.5 million of our 8.5% Senior Secured Noted due 2016 issued by Expro Finance Luxembourg, and associated call premium and transaction fees. The balance of the proceeds was used to partially repay the Mezannine debt and associated make whole premium. At the same time, we refinanced our existing \$160 million revolving credit facility with a new \$250 million senior secured credit facility, which ranks pari passu with the new Term Loan B.